WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1885.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

EVIDENCES OF THE BELLICOSE FEELING AMONG MERBERS OF PARLIAMENT.

Seneral Uneastness Bordering on Alarm—Bussin Makes Counter Comptaint-Preparing to Take Berat-Pretext to Break the Trace-Fears of Difficulty Between France and Eng-

London, April 20.-Mr. Gladstone, in the house of commons this afternoon, made the following statement: "The government on Friday received a disnatch from Sir Peter Lumsden, but this telegram was not an answer to our inquiries and instructions dispatched to him on the 10th instant. It will be nec essary to await that answer before we can make any statement. The telegram received from Sir Peter Lumsden on Friday tended to confirm his previous statements. It certainly apparently conflicted with Gen. Komaroff's statements."

Lord Randolph Churchill, conservative, Lord Randolph Churchill, conservative, asked Mr. Gladstone how far England was complicated and how far responsible in the suppression of the French newspaper the Boshore English at Cairo.

Mr. Gladstone replied that Egypt had not acted alone in the matter of seizing and suppressing the paper, and admitted that England was not in a position to discinimall responsibility for the act.

Mr. Gladstone gave notice that the government would introduce the expected

Mr. Gladatone gave notice that the government would introduce the expected motion for a vote of credit to-morrow.

It is expected that the vote of credit vill apportion £3,000,000 for naval purpasses. The admiralty intend to make large purchases of torpedoes.

The premier's replies concerning the Besphore Euppties and the Afghan incidents were very guarded. He answered a number of questions about the Anglorance Russian dispute with studied evasion, and in all he said in the house of commons to-day he added little or nothing to what had been already known. had been already known.

had been stready known.

In evidence of the present bellicose feeling among the members of parliament it may be mentioned that when Mr. Gladstone unequivocally stated that when Sir Peter Lumsden's telegram of Friday confirmed his previous accounts of the fight at Penjdeh, and conflicted with those of the same battle by Gen. Koma-

roff, the declaration was received with a low ripple of satisfaction which soon developed into a cheer.

Fears are entertained that the Bosphore Egyptica affair is likely to lead to difficulty between France and England.

The attack of the session The situation at the close of the session of parliament this evening was one of a general feeling of uncasiness, bordering

The reply of M. de Giers, the Russian The reply of M. de Grers, the Russian foreign minister, to Earl Granville's demand for an explanation of Gen. Komasoff's attack upon the Afghans on the Kushk river, which was read at the foreign office last Saturday, was considered in the cabinet council to-day. The reply says that Gen. Komaroff's dispatches, copies of which have been forwarded to the British expanses.

copies of which have been forwarded to the British government, sufficiently explain the Penjdeh incident, and that it is, therefore, needless to supplement them. M. de Giera, in his turn, complains strongly of what he calls the excessive numbers of Gen. Sir Peter Lumnden's escort. He says that this display of a British armed force on Afghan territory, together with the military demonstration at Rawul Pindi and Earl Dufferin's deflant language, encouraged the Afghans to provoke the Russian attack by leading them to believe that they could rely upon British support. M. de Giera does not express the slightest regret Giers does not express the slightest regret

Giers does not express the alightest regret for Gen. Komaroff's action, and he even suggests that Gen. Komaroff would have neglected his duty if he had failed to attack the Afghans.

The ameer, owing to the opposition of his subjects, is reluctant to allow British troops to enter Afghanistan, which it is feared would cause a robellion—the ameer being unpopular. The ameer is willing to cade Penjdeh to Russia in return for her evacuation of the Zulftear passes, which command the road to Herat.

Difficulty is expected from the refusal of the Russian war party to consent to a

of the Russian war party to consent to a withdrawal from Zulficar. It is believed that M. do Giers' party are inclined to support this policy, believing that the English cabinat is inclined to give way.

ST. PETERBURG, April 20.—Thirty-two monetwar are in complete reading. two men-of-war are in complete readiness to put to sea from Cronstadt, in response to the orders issued this morning.

London, April 20.—The Warsaw Trag-blatt, the Russian official organ for the government of Warsaw, states that Russia s making the necessary preparations for the taking of Herat. LONDON, April 21.—Advices from Tir-

pul, under date of April 16, state that the per anderdate of April 10, state that the at-result of all inquiries shows that the at-tack on Penjdeh by the Russians was absolutely unprovoked. Capt. Yate, who remained at Penjdeh in or-der to see that the Afghans re-pected the agreement of March 17, had interview with the Russian m the day previous to the battle, at which to pointed out that the Afghans had sceupied the west bank of the Kushk eiver on and since the 17th of March. the Russians complained of the deneaner of the Afghan troops and their nessive preparations apparent in their ines; also, that the Afghaus had de-ained some Tekke Turcoman troops em-ployed at Pui-Khisti in the Russian service. They further accused the Afservice. They further accused the Afghans of recommonlering with the sweeping charge of arrogance. The facts were that Gen. Kommroff had pushed 3,000 troops forward to a commanding position before the Aighans, who naturally proceeded to strungthen their weaker outposts. This had to the interiors alrenty arrogance. The Russians evidently ghans in order to restore their wautus pristige in the Turconian country, and were obliged to invest themselves with this pretext to break the truce. The attitude of the Afghans was studionally moderate, and there is no color to the pretense that their movements were even irritating. They even allowed the Kus-sams to inspect their arrangements at Pul-i-Khisti. THE "BOSPHORE EGYPTIEN" AFFAIR.

PARIS, April 20.—The French press unautmonely insist that the government shall continue in its demand upon Egypt for full satisfaction for the suppress

Equitien, at Caire.

LONDON, April 20.—The Standard, in an editorial this meraing, says at hopes that England will support the khedave in his controversy with France concerning the suppression of the Bosphare Empires. If Englandallows accession to France's demand for the withdrawa of the decree of suppression and the punishment of the officials who executed the decree, the Standard thinks it will make a serious middard thinks it will make a serious mis-take. The Bosphore Egyptien was justly suppressed, says the Standard, and if it be allowed to resume its audicious career England will confess more fisgrantly than ever that in Egypt she has undertaken a task which she has neither the bility to execute nor the courage to re-

CAIRO, April 20 .- Nubar Pasha, min-CARD, April and starts, has sent France a uriously evasive note concerning her temand for the rehabilitation of the tosphore Egyptica. He says that as the

lations as applicable to the case of the Rosphore Sapplicable to the case of the Rosphore Egyptien, and also as to the form to be given to the Egyptian government's reply to France's demand.

Cairo, April 20.—France has agreed to await Egypt's reply concerning the Resphore Egyptien, until the question has been submitted to the porte.

THE PRINCE IN IRELAND. DUBLIN, April 20.—The royal party on their way to Dublin from Killarney stopped at Limerick, and were given a most brilliant reception. They were also presented with an address. During the journey between Killarney and Limerick the Prince and Princess of Wales met with some hostile manifestations.

The Prince and Princess of Wales ar-rived here this evening and were very rived here this evening and were very cordially received.

LONDONDERRY, April 20.—There is great excitement in this city over the posting of placards by Nationalists announcing a counter demonstration against any expression of loyalty and welcome that may be made during the visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales.

LIMERICK, April 20.—The Prince of Wales, replying to addresses made here to-day in his honor, promised to again visit Ireland.

SOUDAN AFFAIRS.

SOUDAN AFFAIRS. Dongola, April 20.—Natives who have arrived here say the Italiaus have advanced from Massowah in the direction of Kassala. The Arabs along the White

from the Soudan.

SUEZ CANAL COMMISSION. PARIS, April 20.—The subcommittee of the international Sucz canal commission, now in session here, have finally agreed to the clauses in the proposed convention which arrange for the neutrality of the Sweet Water canal. This agreement was reached after the committee had heard the reacted after the committee had near the argument of M. de Lessaps on the subject. The work of the commission proceeds slowly and will, it is expected, not be finished for a month. There are very many delicate questions connected with the proposals to guarantee the free navi-gation of the canal. These will be dis-cussed next week.

GEN. GRANT OUT RIDING.

Union Veterans Suggest that the Grant Family "Whip Out the Doctors If It Takes All Summer"-The General's Next Birthday.

NEW YORK, April 20 .- During the drive to Mount St. Vincent and around the west side of Central Park to-day Gen. Grant spoke but little. The conversation was mainly carried on by Dr. Douglas and U. S. Grant, ir. After their return from the park the carriage was called into requisition for Mrs. Gen. Grant, Mrs. Sartoris, and Mrs. Jesse Grant, who went out for a drive.

Hamilton Fish and wife called during

out for a drive.

Hamilton Fish and wife called during the afternoon and remained in the house for some time.

About 8 o'clock p. m. a delegation from the Union Veteran army, headed by Gen.
Lewis T. Barney, called and presented a series of resolutions, wherein the members of the Grant family were requested "to whip out the doctors if it took all summer." The dolegation was received by Col. Fred. Grant, who assured the gentiemen of his father's good will for their organization.

Dr. Douglas arrived about 9:30 p. m. and will probably stay during the night.

Louisville, Ky., April 20.—Gen. Grant's 63d birthday, which occurs next Monday, will be colebrated in this city by a public meeting of representatives of all parties. Prominent gentlemen have the matter in charge, and owing to the peculiar circumstances under which the celebration is to occur Louisville, a southern city, will ask all cities in the Union ern city, will ask all cities in the Union to follow her example.

RESIGNATION REQUESTED.

A Virginia Collector of Internal Revenue Will Not Tamely Submit to Be "Bounced" Without "Cause."

STAUNTON, VA., April 20,-To-day W. E. Craig received the following telegraphic message from Joseph S. Miller, commissioner of internal revenue: "I am directed by the honorable Secretary of the Treasury to request your resignation as collector of the sixth internal revenue district of Virginia. Telegraph your reply. Mr. Craig's reply was a request to be in-formed by what authority the Secretary only be relieved by the President, and that this request of the Secretary of the Treasury is without anthority. He claims that the business of his district is in first class condition, and he does not propose to smirch his administration by tamely submitting to an unauthorized request such as was served on him to-day. He claims that he should at least be removed in a decent and regular man-

Mr. Frelinghuysen Still Sinking. is evidently losing strength, being to-day much weaker, and even liquid nourishment in small quantities has been given with diffi-nity. He lies aimost all the time in a state of support, and it is though be caused last many lays more, although there is no immediate

Over 290 acres or timber land were stroyed yesterday alternoon by are ar raphank, i. i. The loss is estimated at

teriay during a fire which destroyed the Ex-change Hotel and the Lutherin Church at Lyons, N. Y. -Lucius Avery, the manager of the Valle-lis mines, near Villadama, Mexico, who was referred and robbed of 20,000 has Friday git, was formerly United States consul at

-A destructive fire has been raging in the

-Ray, Dr. Taylor, whose centennial birth-day was essented on Dec. 17 last, died at Auburn, N. T., Sunday. He was horn in po-wich, N. H., and was the chiest graduate of Darimouth College of the class of 1899.

Dartmouth College of the class of 1809.

—M. R. Wells, postal clerk on the line between New Orleans and Port Eads, disappeared Friday syening, toking with him the contents of the registered letter pouch, amounting in value, it is supposed, to several thousand dollars. It is stated that Wells is only 16 years of ago.

—The funeral of Dr. Stern, the Jewish rabid, who died at Wilkes-lisrre, Ph. Saturday from the elects of poison taken with suicidal intent, took place yesterday. There were no services of any kind, as the rules of the Jewish religion prohibit the taking of bodies of suicides to the temple or the funeral would have taken place there. The remains were interred in the Jewish penietery.

—President Cleveland has been requested to - President Cleveland has been requested to

Dopphore Egyptics. He says that as the ports, the suscrain of Egypt, was the suscrain of Egypt, was the allow tice headquarters of the United States of the Capital Cleveland has been required to the states of the Capital Cleveland has been required to the states of the States of the States of the States of the Capital Cleveland has been required to the States of the St

VIRGINIA LAW INVALID.

COUPON-KILLER DEFECTIVE.

in Favor of the Bondholders and Against the State-A Statute That Should Not Have Been Passed Held to be a Nullity-The

The United States Supreme Court rendered an important decision yesterday in the group of cases known as the Virginia oupon tax cases, involving the validity of the recent legislation of that state with reference to the payment of state taxes n the coupons of the state's bonds. The decision was against the state and in favor decision was against the state and in favor of the bondholdors on all material points. The court holds that all the legislation of the state which attempts to evade the obligation under which it rests to receive the coupons of its bonds in payment of state taxes is unconstitutional and void because it impairs the obligation of a contract; that the taxes of the coupons of the text. obligation of a contract; that the tax-payer, having once made a due tender of coupons in payment of his taxes, is under no obligation to pay such taxes in money, but may rest securely on his right to have the coupons received when offered, and that a tax collector who attempts thereafter to forcibly collect such taxes be leveled that the former's consent of Kassala. The Araba along the White Nile above Khartoum, the natives also report, are desarting El Mahdi, and the latter is plundering all villages and towns that are worth robbing.

London, April 21.—The Daily News, in an editorial this morning, says it believes the government has decided upon the immediate recall of Gen. Graham's force

orty after a due tender of coupons is not a suit against the state, but is a suit against an individual trespasser, acting without the legal authority of the state. The court holds that the act of the general assembly of Virginia of Jan. 26, 1882, "to provide for the more efficient collection of the revenue to support the government, maintain the public schools, and to pay interest on the public debt," requiring tax collectors to receive, in discharge of the taxes, license taxes, and other dues gold, silver, United States treasury notes, national bank currency, and nothing else, and thereby forbidding the receipt of coupons issued under the act of March 30, 1871, in payment therefor, although it is a legislative act of the government of Virginia, because it impairs the obligation of its contract and is annulled by the constitution of the United States.

The state has passed no such law for it own contract, both irreposlable by any act on its part, are the law of Virginia and that law made it the duty of the deand that law made it the duty of the de-fendant to receive the coupons tendered in payment of taxes, and declared every step to enforce the tax thereafter taken to be without warrant of law and, there-fore, a wrong.

The opinion was delivered by Justice Matthews. The chief justice and Justices Bradley, Miller, and Gray dissented, Justice Bradley delivering the dissenting opinion.

The dissenting opinion has reference The dissenting opinion has reference particularly to the case of Alleu against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, and the fundamental ground of the dissent, as set forth by Justice Bradley, is "that this praceeding, and all other proceedings on these coupons, brought here for review, are, virtually, suits against the state of Virginia to compel a specific performance by the state of her agreement to receive the said coupons in payment of all taxes, dues, and demands. However just such a proceeding may seem in the abstract, or however willing courts might be to sustain it if it were constitutional, yet, looking at the case as it really is, we regard it as directly repugnant to the cleventh amendment of the constitution, which declared that the judicial tion, which declared that the judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity commenced or prosecuted against any one of the United States by citizens of another state or by citizens or subjects

of any foreign state. Notes From the World's Fair.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20 .- To-morrow Ireland is here, and will take a prominent part in the ceremonies attending the formal opening of the Texas exhibit. A compilimentary concert was given by New Orleans ladies and gentlemen to the Washington journalists to day in the government building. Gov. Hoadly held a reception this afternoon in the Onlo department. Onto people, visitors, exhibitors, and others paid their respects to the governor, and were kindly received. Maj. Burke is assisting in making arrangements for the payment of debts due the Exposition creditors. The Louisians creditors, by the set of Congress making the appropriation for the relief of the Exposition, are discriminated against, and cannot be paid without further congressional action. "After the press excursion to the Exposition to attend the concert given by the "Daily States" in the government building, Maj. Burke entertained the party with a dinner, and responded in a woll-timed speech to a toast proposed by Ben: Pericy Poore in behalf of the Washingtonijournalists. Pictures of the latter were taken on the Exposition grounds. The Washingtonians leave for home to-morrow night.

The Hanlan-Beach Beat Race.

San Francisco, April 20.—The steamor Australia, which arrived at this port this evening, left Sydney, N. S. W., March 27, the day before left Sydney, N. S. W., March 37, the day before the Hanlan and Beach boat race occurred, but subsequently stopped at Auckland. The Evening Stor, published at the latter place, gives the following particulars of the contest: "The soulling match between Wm. Beach and Edward Hanlan, which took place March 28, on the Paramatta river, Sydney, was for 2500 and the championality of the world. The banks along the river were crowded with spectators, and the most intense interest was manifested by these present special properties of the soulling and the river were crowded with spectators, and the most intense interest was manifested by these present special properties of the second special properties of the second special properties of the second special properties and the second special properties of the second special properties and pulling strong. Passing tiedsville it was apparent to all that the race was virtually over. Beach won as to liked, coming the wildost cheers. The winner's time was 25 minutes and 55 seconds."

A destructive fire has been raging in the woods east of Similhiown. I. I. Over 5,000 acres of Similhiown. I. I. Over 5,000 acre New York, April 19.—The billiard tourns ment for the championship of the four-sen-

BALTIMORE, April 20.—The Cemelery Crema-tion Company of Baltimore was organized to-night by the election of Benjamin V. Horwitz, president; J. W. Middendert, treasurer, and V. Horwitz, and J. The communications of the conpresident; J. W. Middendorf, transitier, and John H. Hennous, secretary. The company has been incorporated, and has a wapital sixer of \$15,000. It is formed by some of the most prominent professional and bissiness men in the city, and they propose to at once commence the erection of a trunsfory and to agitate the disposition of dead bodies by burning. Many medical men are strongly in favor of it, and there seems to be every probability of the success of the enterprise.

Bussian and British War Vessels at Hampton Boads. Nonrolas, Va., April 20 -The Russian cor-

EMBARGO ON CATTLE.

Contagious Pieuro-Pneumonta is Spreading—The Federal Government Asked to Stamp Out the Contagion, Sr. Louis, April 20 .- H. M. Taylor, agent of the United States bureau of animal industry, arrived in St. Louis to-day

from Washington, and has secured the from Washington, and has secured the co-operation of the Missouri Pacific, the Wabash, and the Chicago and Alzon railroads in placing an embargo on all cattle from Calloway county, Mo. These rail roads have issued instructions to their local agents to refuse all shipments of cattle from Calloway and contiguous counties nuless accompanied by a certificate of health from a government inspector.

Col. Hunter, president of the National Cattle and Horse Growers Association of the United States, sent the following

the United States, sent the following telegram to-day:

St. Lours, Mo. April 20.—Hon. Norman, J. Colman, commissioner of agriculture, Washington, Collagous pleuro-pneumonia is apreading in this state, and as individual and local effort is powerless to check its progree, I ask you to please see the Attorney General immediately, and get a decision at once as to your power under the law to use funds appropriated for the bureau of animal industry to stampout this contagion, which threatens our entire cattle industry. Prompt action is necessary. Answer.

To this Col. Hunter received the following reply:

"The Safety of Our Community Depends."
CHICAGO, April 20.—The county grand jury
was impaneled to-day, the principal work
before the body being the investigation of
frauds alleged to have been committed at the
recent municipal election. In charging the
jury with the responsibilities of its mambers,
Judge Moran called their attention to certain
interferences with the ballots of voters which,
according to statements made to him by State's
Actorney Grinnel, would be investigated by
this body. He said there was no orine more
serious in its results than that of interfering
with the franchise of, the people. The community can better afford to have burglars carry
on their netarious work in its midst than it can
for the vote of the people to be stifled. It can
better afford to have its banks robbed than its
ballots. There is no thick as ball to when deposited, honestly should be honestly handled
by those who have connection and are intrusted
with it. The safety of our community depends
on the honesty and the safety of the ballot.
The jury then began an investigation covering
the third ward ballot-box robbery. "The Safety of Our Community Depends."

The Competitive Militia Drill. New ORLEANS, April 20,-The entries for the competitive drill, beginning here May 12, competitive drill, beginning here May 12, closed to-day with the following: Infantry. Light Infantry, Paris, Ill., Richard Rifles, Columbia, S. C. Chicksasw Guszda, Memphis; Light Guards, Houston, Texas; Guards, Columbia, Ga.; Greys, Austin, Texas; Guards, Columbia, Ga.; Greys, Austin, Texas; Guards, Janesville, Wis.; company C. 24 National Guards, Muscatine, Iowa: Gate City Guards, Atlanta, Ga.; Rilles, Mobile; Cadets, Savannah.
Artillery—Battery A. Galveston; State Artillery, Mobile; Battery B. Washington Artillery; Buttery B. Calestana Field.
Cadets—State University of Louisiana, Baton Rouge; University of Alabama, Tuscalcosa; Bingissa; School, North Carolina, Military Academy, Charleston, S. C.; Military Institute, Auburn, Ala.

tla.

Zonaves—Busch Zouaves, St. Louis; Louis-ana state infantry.

Special prize—Iberia Guards; St. Mary's folunteers. Memphis Races.

Memphis, April 20.—This was the opening day of the annual spring meeting of the new Memphis Jockey Club. The attendance numbered about 1,500. The track and weather were unfavorable.

First race—Purse, \$200, divided; three-quarter mile dash. Mona won, Pink Cottage second, and Lord Clifton third. Time, 1:18.

Second race—Gaston Hotel stakes, for 3-year olds, \$25, play or pay, \$500 added, divided; half mile. Hattle D. H. won, Pat Sheedy second, and Stony Batter third. Time, 5:15, Third race—Memphis Oaks, for 3-year old filles, \$50 entrance, half forfeit, \$500 added, divided; one and one-eighth mile. Ida Hope won, Typsey second, and Elicen third. Time, 201.

Entrit race—Handless steenleshass, purse

Fourth race—Handicap stooplechase, purse 8390, divided; over the short course. King Dutchman won, Aurelian second, and Rowdy Boy third. Time, 2:354. Collecting Evidence About a Murder. Br. Louis, April 20.—At the continuation to-lay of the inquest on the remains of Preller, he murdered man, Wm. Roach, of this city, be murdered man, Wm. Roach, of this city, eccomized the photograph of Maxwell as he person whom he knew fifteen years as he person whom he knew fifteen years go as Waiter Maxwell at Clevedon fellege. Northampton, England. His lather was the owner of large potterishere, and was very wealthy. He did not belove Maxwell was a physician, but thought is tried to pass an examination and falled. Its brother was a physician. Both were exertic. Maxwell was never given to study, as he had too much money, and was given to going on sprees.

New York, April 20.-A large vote was solled at the election of the Tammany Society

LYNCHRUBG, Va., April 20.-A four days cocking main between Virginia and Washing on city birds for \$100 a battle and \$1,000 a sid

A Wild Man in Georgia. A Wild Mass in Georgia.

Macon, Ga., April 25.—A "wild" man, barefooted and almost nude, has been discovered
near Tyty, in Worth county. He utters shrill
cries, and skulks tirough the woods and fields.
Efforts are being made to capture the man.

A Direct Tax Decision. A Direct Tax Decision.

Judge Durham, first comptroller of the treasury, has given an opinion on the question as to whether any portion of the interest collected on direct taxes shall be refunded. He holds that under the decisions of the court of claims all interest collected for the period prior to the expiration of the sixty days immediately following the fixing of the tax shall be refunded, and that the appropriation made by section isses of the Revised Statutes is available for that purpose during the fixed, year the claims are presented to the Secretary of Treasury, and during the two fixed years thereafter.

Signal Service Leaves. An order has been issued granting only twenty days leave of absence to the employer of the signal service, except those who have of the signal service, except those who have worked holidays and Sundays during six mouths provious to the leave, who will be allowed thirly days leave, and these who worked on liaf the holidays and Sundays during that period, who will be allowed twenty-five days. The civilians are Wer Department clerks coming within the pravisions of the law regulating electical leaves of ablence.

CABLE CATCHES. It is stated that Queen Victoria has arranged o vicit Ireland next autumn. Constantin Rossetti, the Roumanian and statesman, is dead at Vienna, in b

A sheikh with 700 men of the Amarar tribs as started out to capture Osman Digna for the A late blue-book puts the effective strength of the British regular army at 188,00% had of the reserves at 47,000, the militia at 125,000, and the volunteers at 215,000 men.

The Berlin correspondent of the Loudon Standard states that termany is preparing a series of enormous colonial enterprises, the magnitude of which will suprise the world. The acquisition of the kingdom of Zanzbar by Germany, the dispatch says, is certain to be accomplished sooner or later.

THE BOSTONS DEFEATED.

The Nationals Take Their Third League Victim Into Camp, Outbatting and Outfielding Them.

The game between the Nationals and Bestons yesterday attracted the largest attendance of the season, a great many ladies gracing the grand stand, which was filled to overflowing. As the home team won handsomely, everybody seemed to feel repaid for attending. The game was hardly up to the high standard of last week's work, the Bostons failing to earn a run, and the home team but one out of their seven scored. The most attractive features of the game were the brilliant fielding of Knowles at sec-ond base and the very effective pitching of Gagus and Buffington. The visitors really made but three unmistakable clean hits from Gagus's delivery, the other three being very scratchy and such as active fielding would have prevented. In the first inning, after tw men were out, Burdeck popped up a fi back of the pitcher. White, knowles, an Morrissey all ran for it, and either coul have caught it easily, but, being uncertain whom Baker had called to take it, all stood still and let it fall in the little triangle formed by the three. It was stapid work, and the crowd grouned dis-mally. Burdeck secred on a wild throw by Fulmer and slow handling by Hoover. by Fulmer and slow handling by Hoover. Powoll scored an unearned run in the same inning. Baker made a base hit and was forced out by Fulmer. Powell then forced Fulmer out in turn. Ho went to second on Morrissey's base hit. More then hit to Burdock, who fumbled the ball, and Powell out across the diamoud to the home plate, without going near the third base, but the umpire did not see his manneys, and the year was second.

third base, but the umpire did not see his maneuver and the run was scored. In the second inning Wise was given a base on balls after Morrill had atruck out, Manning and Hackett made hits, and diagus a wild throw, with the result of bringing Wise and Manning across the plate, unliher run being carned. The Nationals had been playing a rather loose, indifferent game up to this point, but they now braced up, and supported their pitcher like veterans, shutting the Bostons out for the remaining seven innings of the game. In the fifth, Burdock fumbled Powell's grounder, Hines dropped Morrissoy's long In the fifth, Burdock fumbled Powell's grounder, Hines dropped Morrissey's long line hit to left, after a hard run for it. Moore and Knowles made base hits, Wise was too slow in handling White's grounder to put him out, and Buffington made a wild pitch, the net result of the whole being that the Nationals scored for unearned runs. In the eighth inning Hoover earned runs. In the eighth inning Hoover made a base hit and Gagus a two baser, on which Hoover scored. Baker hit to first, and was put out, Gagus going to third. Fulmer hit a long fly to left, and Gagus ran home after the catch was made. Bufington led off in the ninth with a fine two-base hit, but Morrill struck out fine two-base hit, but Morrill struck out for the second time, and Knowles threw out Wise and Manning, leaving an easy victory in the hands of the home team. Knowles was quite the hero of the day, fielding and batting in great style. Twice he made protty double plays, and a catch from Buffington's bat in the sixth a catch from Buffington's bat in the sixth inning was a beauty. Hoover made a grand catch of a long liner hit by Manning in the seventh inning. Baker played finely at first, and Hines did some fine work for Boston in left field. Wise made some neat stops, and Hackett's catching was a model display. Falmer, too, caught well, but then it would be surprising if he failed to do so. To-day the Motropolitans come fresh from a victory over the Athletics, and as great local interest attaches to the game, for well understood reasons, a great crowd

well understood reasons, a great crowd will, no doubt, be present. The score of yesterday's game follows: 35 7 9 27 12 Totals

McCarty, r. f..... Totals

Boston 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 Earned runs National, I. Two-base hits—Gagus, I. Bushington, I. Bases on errors—National, I. Boston, O. Bases on balis—By Gagus, I. Buffington, 2. Bases for being hit by pitcher—Gagus, I. Hines, I. Left on bases—National, S. Boston 4. Devible plays—Knowles and Baker, 2. Struck out—By Gagus, 4: Buffington, 2. Wild pitches—Gagus, I. Buffington, I. Passed balis—Hackett, I. Time of game—2 bours. Umpire—Stearns.

The Arctic disputed the score at the end of the slight inning and left the field. Umpir Curry then gave the game to the Newarks.

At Baltimore-

At Columbus, Ga — Memphis, 6; Columbus, 8, At New York — New York League, 34; Leo, 1, At Angusta, Ga, Adpusta, 5; Chattathooga, 9, At Jersey City.— Providence (League), 5; Jersey City.— At Trenton, N. J.—Philadelphia, 2; Trenton, N. J.—Philadelphia, N. J.—Philadelph

"What truth is there in this paragraph?" asked a REPUBLICAN reporter, showing a dis-

epresentatives of the state in this city, are

May Succeed Judge Foster.

WILLIAM DICKSON'S TRIAL.

THE OPENING ARGEMENT, AND A PART OF THE TESTIMONY IN. Counsel for the Defense Severaly Arraleus the

Last Chapter of the Star Route Cases Beached. "I think the government is ready in the ney Worthington, in the criminal court yesterday: "but I suppose we had better wait until the other jury comes in, and

have the full panel present." "We are ready to go right ahead," re-

The deposition of Edward D. Doniphan, one of the jurors, siace deceased, was read. It was to the effect that Mr. Dickson offered to read the statement and a majority of the lury told him to do so. Subsequently Mr. Dickson asserted that the statement was true in every respect. The witness admitted, after the paper had been read, that he had been approached. He told it to Mr. Dickson and he told him to wait until it developed itself, and the witness said he did not think it could develop much more after the money was shook in his face. He spoke about it before Mr. Dickson said anything of his statement. The witness also spoke of the statements made by Holmead, Olcott, and others of improper approaches made to them.

The instruction of the presiding judge at the star route trial in relation to the jurors carrying memoranda and notes

at he star route trial in relation to the jurors carrying memoranda and notes into their recom was read to the jury.

Mr. Zacariah Tobriner was called, and testified that he was one of the jurors in the first star route trial, and was present when Mr. Dickson read the paper of the attempt to bribe him in the jury room. They had taken two ballots and then speke about bribery. Mr. Dickson said he had a paper he would like them to see, but he did not wish to influence any of them. They took a vote and decided that the paper should be read. Mr. Mc. Nelly was the only one openly objecting. The vote stood ten or elevan in favor of the reading, and Mr. Dickson read the paper. They were all-talking about the statement and Mr. Dickson said that it was true, "so help me God." On cross-examination the witness said that the subject of bribery had generally been discussed before the paper was read.

paper was read.

Messrs. McNelly and Doniphan spoke alcests. McNelly and Doniphan spoke of approaches which had been made to them, and then Mr. Dickson said. "Let me tell you how I have been approached," and read the paper. It had no influence on the witness, and Mr. Dickson told all southern district, which consists princiof them before he read it that he wanted them to vote as they pleased without any influence from him.

With the examination of this witness the case closed for the day.

INVITED TO THE SOUTH. The President Receives the Atlanta

Delegation Graciously, But Gives No At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, according to appointment, a delegation from Georgia, consisting of Gen. J. B. Gordon, Senator Colquitt, Hon. N. J. Hammond, M. C. Kiser, Wm. T. Newman, E. P. Howell, H. W. Grady, W. A. Hemp-hill, Jack W. Johnson, C. A. Cellier, John F. Dunn, Allison Green, and John A. Fitten, called at the white house and formally invited the President to visit Atlanta, Ga., during the sessions of the umercial convention in the latter part

of May.
Senator Colquitt and Gen. Gordon ad-dressed the President, and impressed on him the great good to the south which would result from a visit by him. people down there, they said didn't often people down there, they said, didn't often have a chance to see the chief magistrate of the nation, and now that they have one of their own choice they were ex-tremely auxious to have him among them, if only for a day, so that they

very cordially, and told them frankly that he wanted to accept their invitation, but was unable to say just at present whether or not he could leave Washington at that time. He was informed that all the members of his cabinet had been invited to attend, and it was expected that at least three of them would seem that at least three of them would accept. The President then said he would lay the matter before the cabinet to morrow and give the committee a definite answer on Wednesday. He then invited them to attend his reception this evening.

The Mormon Clawson to Suffer. In the polygamy case of Rudger Clawson against the United States the Supreme Court of the United States yesterday rendered a deci-sion affirming the judgment of the court be-"What fruit is there in this paragraph." asked a REMURLEAN reporter, showing a dispatch, printed in the Philadelphia Trans, to a member of the executive committee on the inaugural coremonies.

"Well, there is just this much," he said, "when the flags came to be returned there were some missing, and taking all tegether the value amounted to \$50." There have been no repeated conferences in regard to it. The department has been corresponding with its altordinates to see whether or not the flags have been returned or say part of them. The full smooth of the hands of the successful dead and tried were literally constituted. The alleged flegality in the imparcing of the committee, and will be paid whenever the department is ready to receive it. The only delay has been for the purpose of several when the same of the successful the returned."

The New York Bomocraey.

New York politics, according to the particular of the partition of the parameter.

The New York Bomocraey.

To Investigate Paymaster General Smith. Secretary Whitney has appointed the fol-owing court of inquiry to investigate the office of Paymaster General Smith: Capt. George Brown, president; Medical Directo George Brown, president; Medical Director Thomas L. Looker, Capt. E. O. Matthews, and Paymaster Robert W. Allen, Judge advocate. The court will used at 12 o'clook Thursday next, and will investigate the facts and et-chiastances connected with certain contracts between Austin P. Brown, of this city, and Paymaster General Smith, for the delivery of beef, pork, and other amplies for the navy.

Lieut, Schuetze has received from the State Department a handsomegald medal presented by the President to Vasilii Bobrowsky, alias Vassith Enoignout, or "Ome-cared dist," the mative who was instrumental in saving Engi-neer Metville and the boavs grew after the week of the Jeannette.

A DAY IN THE DEPARTMENTS.

The Changes Announced and Predicted-Civil Service Sustained. The quotas in the departments for Maryland and the District of Columbia are full, and there are enough eligible candidates from the two places to fill any Leading Witness for the Prosecution-The

candidates from the two places to fill any pessible vacancies that may occur in a year or more. The District has the largest surplus—more than any state. Several other northern states have full quotas and so large a number of eligible candidates that lady applicants are no longer examined, as the demand for female labor is very light.

The statement that D. W. Rhodes, chief of the division of postoffice samples, was suspended pending an investigation of that division is denied by Postmaster General Villas. The division is being investigated by a committee to assortiant the

"We are ready to go right ahead," replied Mr. Smith, "but if the government desires to wait for the jurors, we have no objection."

Justice MacArthur suggested that the jurors present be called, and they proceed as far as they could toward securing a panel, and this course was arreed to.

Col. Worthington has associated with him as special sesistant ex-District Attorney H. H. Wells. The defense is conducted by Mesars. F. P. Cuppy and C. Maurice Smith.

When the examination had been completed and the box filled, Mr. Smith stated that the defense was content. The

him as special assistant ex-District Attorney H. H. Wells. The defense is conducted by Mesars. F. P. Cuppy and C. Maurice Smith.

When the examination had been completed and the box filled, Mr. Smith stated that the defense was content. The government challenged Wm. B. Dyer, Wm. T. Payne, and Madison Jackson, which exhausted their challenges.

After Mr. Wells had made his opening statement of what the government expected to prove, Mr. Smith followed in bothalf of the defendant.

The government found against S. W. Dorsey and others for conspiracy, and the record of Mr. Dickson and others sworn as jurors in that case. The statement of Mr. Dickson and others sworn as jurors in that case. The statement of Mr. Dickson and others are the will do him no good, as his attack upon the Secretary is deamed sufficient cause for removal.

The deposition of Edward D. Don iphan, one of the jurors, since decessed, was

The chairman of the Minnesota state central committee has sent out circulars advising persons seeking office to obtain the indorsement of the leading Demo-erate of the state, to have their papers formally drawn, signed by a member of the committee, and forwarded to the

the committee, and forwarded to the chairman, who will file it.

There is a great deal of dissatisfaction among Democrate about the appointment of Republicans. They say that several Republicans are being indorsed by Democratic influence, and are parading at Democrats.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina, said

yesterday that he had always known James M. Mergan, of South Carolina, who was appointed connal general at British Australia Saturday, as a Democrat, and that he was surprised to find that Morgan had written in favor of Blaine, as was charged by a New York paper. The publicharged by a New York paper. The publi-cation charged that Morgan was an ardent Blaine man, and had written a pamphlet indorsing Blaine during the campaign. Morgan was indorsed by Senators Butler, Hampton, Gorman, and other prominent

Democrats. Mr. P. D. Barker, the collector of in-Mr. P. D. Barker, the collector of in-ternal revenue for the district of Alabama, has tendered his resignation. Postmaster McCleary, of Pittsburg, whose term does not expire for nine mouths, has resigned.

mouths, has resigned.

Secretary Manning yesterday promoted Z. W. Lawrence, of the first comptroller's office, to be chief of that division, vice J. R. Garrison, promoted to be deputy comptroller. The promotion is rogarded as a civil service triumph. The following have been designated for examination for promotion: William Links from class promotion: William Linton, from class promotion: William Linton, from class three to class four; Allen Wood, from class two to class three, and Edward I. Ronick, from class one to class two. Mr. Chas. J. Campbell, of Montgomery, Als., has been appointed a national bank examiner, and is to be assigned to the

pally of the states of Alabama, Georgia Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, and

The Garfield Hospital. The regular quarterly meeting of the board of directors of the Gardeld Memorial Hospital was held last night, and the following medical staff was elected: Drs. J. F. May, A. Y. P. Garnett, J. M. Toner, W. W. Johnston, N. S. Lin-coln, and Louis Mackall, attending physi-

The American Surgical Association will hold its annual meeting in this city, beginning today and coutinuing four days. Subjects for discussion will be introduced by Drs. John B. Roberts, Samuel W. Gross, L. McLane Tiffany, J. Collins Warren, P. S. Conner, N. Senn, Stephen Smith, C. T. Parkes, J. W. S. Gouley, and J. Ewing Mears. A tice 11 o'clock weslen this morning the president, Br. William Thompson Briggs, will deliver his address. At the afternoon esselop, at 50 clock, Dr. John B. Roberts will deliver the first lecture of the Course, entitled "The field and limitation of the operative surgery of the human brain." It will be followed by a discussion.

The annual meeting of the National Academy of Sciences will be field at the Medical Museum for four days, beginning at noon to-day. During the season papers will be read by Ira. J. S. Billings and Matthews, U. S. A.; S. H. Scudder, of Cambridge, Mass. A. E. Packard, of Providence, H. I., Alexander, S. H. Scudder, Of Cambridge, Mass. A. E. Packard, T. Sterry Hunt, Monreal, Camada, Prof. Elias Loomis, of Vale College, Gen. C. R. Comstock, U. S.A. Prof. C. H. Peders, of Handiston College, New York, J. E. Hilgard, A. Lindenkohl, and J. J. Woodward, U. S. A. The American Surgical Association will h

William E. Hartman, a white man, about 26 years old, 6 feet tall, was arrested yesterday by beteritive Cox at the battimore and Onio depot, on the arrival of the 1:10 p. m. train from the west. The arrest was made on a telegram from Shertiff MoMilian, of Aleghany county, Md., which stated that Hariman was wanted for arson there. Hariman was locked up at the seventh precluct. He had with nim his insurance policies. Sheriff McMilian will arrive here this morning.

The Y. M. C. A. Election.

Gen. Butler's House Varated. Laborers yesterday began the removal office furniture, records, and documents from

A noon to suffering humanity-Salvation Oil! Price, only 25 cents a bottle.

The Weather To-Day. For the middle Atlantic states, slightly warmer, fair weather, southerly winds, lower For Wednesday, partly cloudy weather and

light rains. Yesterday's local thermometric readings—At Xesterday slocal fast moments of reactings—A: 3 a.m., 40 32: 7 a.m., 41.21 11 a.m., 61.9°; a.p. m., 68.3°; 7 p. m., 68.2°; 11 p. m., 54.4°. Mean temperature, 54.6°; maximum, 66.5°; m/minmum, 37.9°; mean relative humidity, 64.0°; total precipitation, of inch.
Summary for April—Mean temperature 55.6% average predipitation, 3.00 inches; high-est temperature, 90.0% occurred in 1874; low-est temperature, 22.5% occurred in 1874;

LANGSTER'S DEATH DAY.

MAY DAY TO SEE THE LAST OF OFFICEL

FOWLER'S MURDERER. How the Doomed Ran Behaves in Jall-4 Rac Scene Feared at the Scaffold-Ten Couts for a Sight of the Shackled Desperado.

In the court in banc yesterday Chief Justice Cartter announced that the present term of the court would close on that day and that decisions would be given next Monday on all cases which had been heard at the April term of the court and were not disposed of. This action of the court fixes definitely the time for the execution of John Langster, convicted of the murder of Policeman John H. Fowler in September last. It will be remembered that Langeter was working in the chain gang in an alley between D and E and Second and Third streets and managed to escape. The officer found him, and in trying to get his prisoner back to the gang a scuille ensued, in the course of gang a sounce change, in the course of which Langeter secured possession of the officer's pistol, shot him, and Fowler died before he reached the station house, a short distance away. Langster was tried before Judge Wylle in Ostober last, convicted, and sentenced to be hing between the hours of 8 and 10 a. m. "ou the sec-ond Friday after the close of the next term of the court in general term.
TO HANG ON MAY DAY.

TO HAND ON MAY DAY.

That term has now expired, its closing yesterday fixing the day of the execution on the last of May.

Frank Minor, who was convicted of the murder of his wife, Victoria Minor, and

murder of his wife, Victoria Minor, and sentenced to be hing on the same day, recently had his sentence commuted by President Cleveland, and goes to the penitoulary for life.

In the marderers' row at the jall, besides Langaton, is Mrs. Carpenter, Minor, who killed his wife and Scott Coates, indicated for manulaughter.

A TALK WITH WARDEN CROCKER. "Langster," said Warden Crocker, "for the past two weeks has been very quist and behaved better than heretofore. He has a terribly revengeful disposition, easily aroused by the slightest or no cause at all. He is subject to opileptic fits, and when seized with one he is unrestrainable, Lately he has not had one, due mostly to the regular dict, discipline, and restraints from exciting causes. For a time after his coming here he was an incessant trouble, and great watchfulness was required to be kept over him lest during his exercise hour he would de bedily harm to prisoners or others. He is a man that could not be considered as fe suywhere, on account of his bad temper. When crossed he would readily kill a man for the most trifling offense. His demonstrations, however, of becoming milder. At the first I was compelled to shaekle his arms and legs during his exercise. Gradually I allowed one arm to be free; now he gees about the corridor during his exercise hour with only irons on his feet. He has a good appetite, is a good eater, and enjoys comparatively good ercise hour he would do bodily harm to eater, and enjoys comparatively good health. I never knew him to refuse food,

except at the outset, when for a time he demanded luxuries in place of the prison fare. He soon got over this."
"What does he say of his sentence?" asked the reporter.
"He takes it indifferently, and does not need to be a sentence?" "He takes it indifferently, and does not manifest any feelings of horror. He speaks of it without emotion. All through his confinement he has claimed that the officer shot himself. To hear him converse on the matter you would not think him to be the desperate criminal that

he is."
"Has he received religious instruction aince his soutence?"
"Yes; Father O'Sullivan, of St. Peter's
Church, comes here to instruct him. He
receives his instructor with respect,
listening willingly and attentively; but listening willingly and attentively; but notwithstanding this he shows no penitence or sorrow for his set. He is as indifferent to religious fervor as a horse would be. There is no manifestation of repostance. Everything told to him is received with an indifference that is indicative of the man's nature and disposi-

"Does he entertain any hopes of a reprieve?"
"Mr. Davis and others are making
"Mr. bayes and others are making

strenuous efforts to have his sentence commuted. They base their hopes on his record when in the army and of his committal to the insane asylum. It is stated that when a boy Langster was severely injured by bricks falling upon his head, from the effects of which he never entirely recovered. Of course he imagines that he will not hang." THE DOOMED MAN'S CELL.

Gen. Crocker led the reporter to Lang-Gen. Crocker led the reporter to Lang-ster's coil, which is located within a few feet of the rotunda, on the seuth side of the building, in the corridor facing the east wait of the jall. Langster was found walking in his cell. Hung on a piece of rope was a placard, bearing the

Ten cents is charged, to get digars, to see John Langster.

It is printed rudely in large letters in pencil. Langster did not seem to relish the appearance of the reporter at his cell door, and Gon. Crecker dispelled any door, and Gen. Crocker dispelled any trouble by telling him that the reporter was his friend. Langster complained to the warden that some prisoner had falled to pay him 3 cents which was due him, and this matter seemed to be about the only thing that troubled him. While in his cell he looked the brute that he is represented to be.

The officials at the lall apprehend a scene at the execution. They are inclined to believe that great trouble will

be occasioned by Langster, and that he will fail in manhood to meet his doom. It is a matter that is giving them some discomfort, and they are endeavoring to propare a way to obviate any disagreeable scenes at the time.

Minor was seen by the reporter in close conversation with a friend. He appeared to be more at ease now that his sentence

has been commuted to life imprisonment.

Mrs. Carponter, who killed her husband, it still awafting trial. Nothing has been done so far in her care. No demonstrations on her part have been made of a character to indicate that she was insane. Hen, John W. Fester, United States minister o Spain, left Washington for New York city

The circuit attorney of St. Louis has written a letter to the British minister detailing the

recout tragety at St. Louis and asking if the British government will defray the expense of bringing Maxwell back to this country. No Trouble Between Bayard and Bruce.

The report that there was any trouble be-tween Register Bruce and Secretary Beyard while the two were in the Secretary Beyard of Mr. Bayard's alleged antipathy to the col-ored race is denied by both gentlemen. Bids were opened in the office of the super-vising architect of the treasury yesterday for

the construction of nine buildings for use of the marine hospital service at Baltimore. There were several bidders. To Represent Salvador Here. The position of Salvador has designated sense Peralts to represent that republic in Washington, by Peralts is stready accredited as minister from Costa Mica.

We know whereof we speak when we say calvation the drawing pela byery than. Price, 1 33 conta